

**DÉCLARATION DES PERFORMANCES**

DoP No MKT-2.3-400\_fr

- ◇ **Code d'identification unique du produit type:** **Système à injection VMU plus pour liaison de ferrailage ultérieure**
- ◇ **Usage(s) prévu(s):** Systèmes pour les connexions de barres d'armature post-installées, voir l'annexe/Annex B
- ◇ **Fabricant:** MKT Metall-Kunststoff-Technik GmbH & Co.KG  
Auf dem Immel 2  
67685 Weilerbach
- ◇ **Système(s) d'évaluation et de vérification de la constance des performances:** 1
- ◇ **Document d'évaluation européen:** **EAD 330087-00-0601**  
Évaluation technique européenne: **ETA-19/0671, 10.12.2019**  
Organisme d'évaluation technique: **DIBt, Berlin**  
Organisme(s) notifié(s): **NB 2873 – Technische Universität Darmstadt**
- ◇ **Performance(s) déclarée(s):**

| Caractéristiques essentielles  | Performances         |
|--|----------------------|
| <b>Résistance mécanique et stabilité (BWR 1)</b>                           |                      |
| Résistances caractéristiques pour les charges statiques et quasi-statiques | Annexe/Annex C1      |
| <b>Sécurité en cas d'incendie (BWR 2)</b>                                  |                      |
| Le comportement du feu   | Classe A1            |
| Résistance au feu  | Annexe/Annex C2 – C3 |

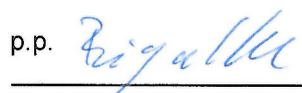
Les performances du produit identifié ci-dessus sont conformes aux performances déclarées. Conformément au règlement (UE) no 305/2011, la présente déclaration des performances est établie sous la seule responsabilité du fabricant mentionné ci-dessus.

Signé pour le fabricant et en son nom par:



**Stefan Weustenhagen**  
(Directeur général)  
Weilerbach, 01.01.2021

p.p.



**Dipl.-Ing. Detlef Bigalke**  
(Directeur du développement de produits)



L'original de cette déclaration d'exécution a été rédigé en allemand. En cas de divergences dans la traduction, la version allemande fait foi.

## Specifications of intended use

| Rebar                                 | Ø8 | Ø10 | Ø12 | Ø14 | Ø16 | Ø20 | Ø22 | Ø24 | Ø25 | Ø28 | Ø32 | Ø34 | Ø36 | Ø40 |
|---------------------------------------|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Static or quasi-static action         |    |     |     |     |     |     |     | ✓   |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| Fire exposure                         |    |     |     |     |     |     |     | ✓   |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| Hammer drill and compressed air drill |    |     |     |     |     |     |     | ✓   |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| Vacuum drill                          |    |     |     |     |     | ✓   |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | -   |

| Tension anchor ZA                     | M12 | M16 | M20 | M24 |
|---------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Static or quasi-static action         |     |     | ✓   |     |
| Fire exposure                         |     |     | ✓   |     |
| Hammer drill and compressed air drill |     |     | ✓   |     |
| Vacuum drill                          |     |     | ✓   |     |

### Base material:

- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete acc. to EN 206: 2013+A1:2016
- Strength classes C12/15 to C50/60 acc. to EN 206:2013+A1:2016
- Maximum chloride content of 0,40 % (CL 0,40) related to the cement content acc. to EN 206:2013+A1:2016
- Non-carbonated concrete

Note: In case of a carbonated surface of the existing concrete structure the carbonated layer shall be removed in the area of the post-installed rebar connection with a diameter of  $\varnothing + 60$  mm prior to the installation of the new rebar. The depth of concrete to be removed shall correspond to at least the minimum concrete cover in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010. The foregoing may be neglected if building components are new and not carbonated and if building components are in dry conditions.

### Temperature range:

- - 40 °C to +80 °C (max. short term temperature +80 °C and max. long term temperature +50 °C)

### Use conditions (Environmental conditions) with tension anchor ZA:

- Structures subject to dry internal conditions (zinc plated steel, stainless steel or high corrosion resistant steel)
- Structures subject to dry internal conditions or subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment) and to permanently damp internal condition, if no particular aggressive conditions exist (stainless steel or high corrosion resistant steel)
- Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure and to permanently damp internal condition, if other particular aggressive conditions exist (high corrosion resistant steel)

Note: Particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used)

**Injection System VME plus** for rebar connections

**Intended use**  
Specifications of intended use

**Annex B1**

## Specifications of intended use - continuation

### Design:

- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored
- Anchorages are designed in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, EN 1992-1-2:2004+AC:2008 and Annex B3 and B4
- The actual position of the reinforcement in the existing structure shall be determined on the basis of the construction documentation and taken into account when designing

### Installation:

- Dry or wet concrete
- Installation in water filled bore holes is not admissible
- Hole drilling by hammer drill, compressed air drill or vacuum drill
- The installation of post-installed rebar or tension anchor ZA shall be done only by suitable trained installer and under supervision on site; the conditions under which an installer may be considered as suitable trained and the conditions for supervision on site are up to the member states in which the installation is done
- Check the position of the existing rebars (if the position of existing rebars is not known, it shall be determined using a rebar detector suitable for this purpose as well as on the basis of the construction documentation and then marked on the building component for the overlap joint)
- Minimum concrete cover acc. to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 must be observed

**Injection System VME plus** for rebar connections

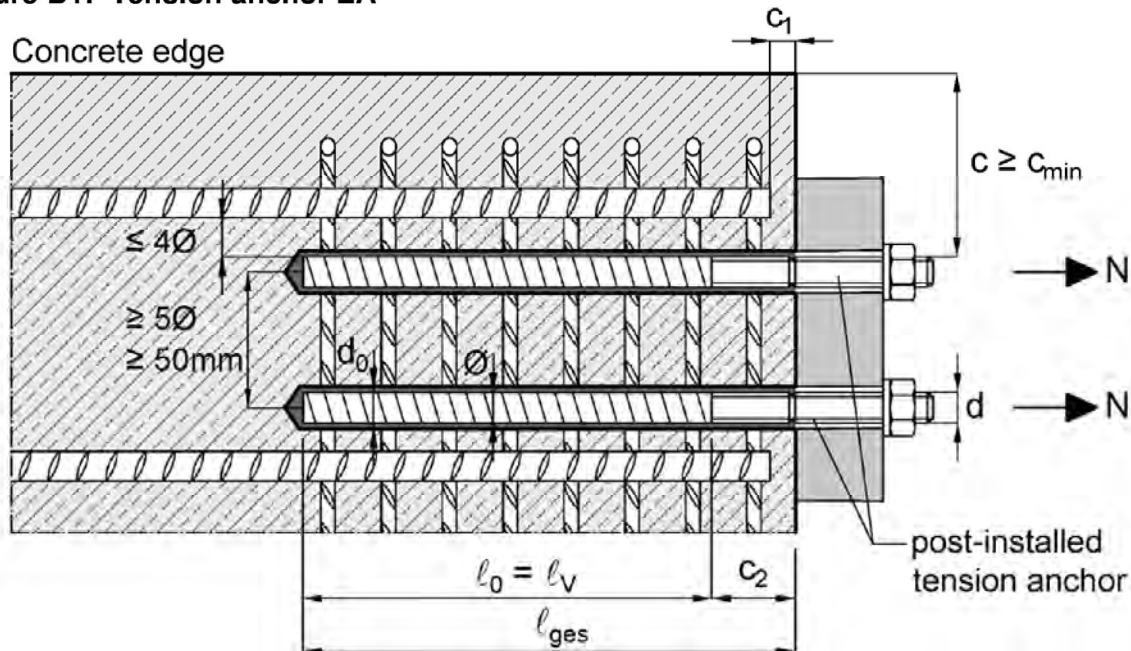
**Intended use**  
Specifications of intended use - continuation

**Annex B2**

## General construction rules for tension anchor ZA

- The length for the post-installed thread must not be added to the anchoring length
- The tension anchor ZA can only transfer forces towards the bar axis
- Tension forces must be transferred by an overlap joint into the present reinforcement of the member
- The transmission of shear forces must be ensured by additional measures, e.g. by shear cleats or anchors with an European Technical Assessment (ETA)
- In the anchor plate the holes for the tension anchors must be executed as elongated holes with axis in the direction of the shear force
- If the clear distance of overlapping bars is greater than  $4\emptyset$ , the lap length must be increased by a length equal to the clear space where it exceeds  $4\emptyset$

**Figure B1: Tension anchor ZA**



|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| $c$         | concrete cover of tension anchor ZA   |
| $c_1$       | concrete cover at front end of cast-in-place rebar                                      |
| $c_2$       | length of bonded thread   |
| $c_{min}$   | minimum concrete cover according Table B1 and EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, section 4.4.1.2 |
| $\emptyset$ | diameter of tension anchor (rebar part)   |
| $d$         | diameter of tension anchor (threaded part)  |
| $l_0$       | lap length acc. to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, section 8.7.3                              |
| $l_v$       | embedment depth $l_v \geq l_0 + c_1$  |
| $l_{ges}$   | overall embedment depth $l_{ges} \geq l_0 + c_2$  |
| $d_0$       | nominal drill bit diameter according Annex B6   |

**Injection System VME plus** for rebar connections

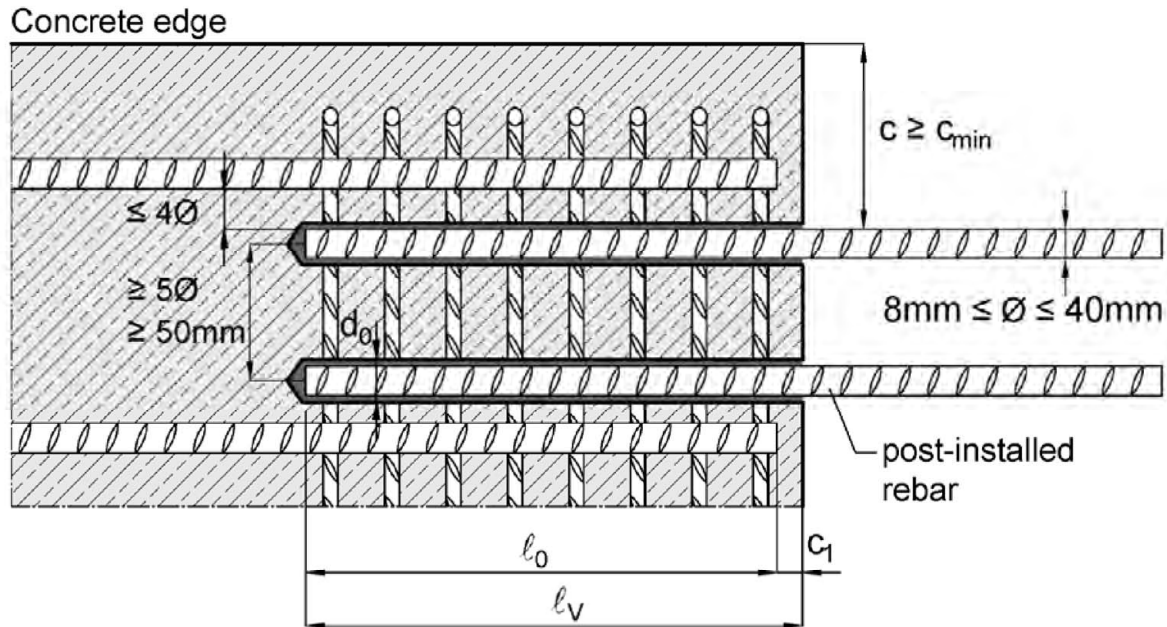
**Intended use**  
General construction rules (**Tension anchor ZA**)

**Annex B3**

## General construction rules for post-installed rebars

- The shear transfer between old and new concrete shall be designed acc. to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010
- Only tension forces in the axis of the rebar may be transmitted
- The joints for concreting must be roughened to at least such an extent that aggregate protrude
- If the clear distance of overlapping bars is greater than  $4\varnothing$ , the lap length must be increased by a length equal to the clear space where it exceeds  $4\varnothing$

**Figure B2: Post-installed rebars**



- c** concrete cover of post-installed rebar  
 **$c_1$**  concrete cover at front end of cast-in-place rebar  
 **$c_{min}$**  minimum concrete cover according Table B1 and EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, section 4.4.1.2  
 **$\varnothing$**  diameter of post-installed rebar  
 **$l_0$**  lap length acc. to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, section 8.7.3  
 **$l_v$**  embedment depth  $l_v \geq l_0 + c_1$   
 **$d_0$**  nominal drill bit diameter according to Annex B6

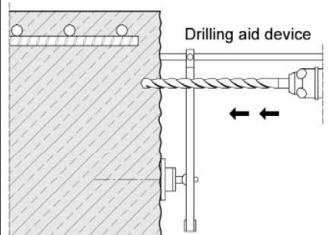
**Injection System VME plus** for rebar connections

**Intended use**  
 General construction rules (**post-installed rebar**)

**Annex B4**

**Table B1: Minimum concrete cover  $c_{min}^{1)}$  of post-installed rebar and tension anchor ZA depending on drill method**

| Drilling method                    | Rod diameter | $c_{min}$                             |                                       |
|------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|                                    |              | without drilling aid                  | with drilling aid                     |
| Hammer drilling<br>Vacuum drilling | < 25 mm      | 30 mm + 0,06 $l_v \geq 2 \varnothing$ | 30 mm + 0,02 $l_v \geq 2 \varnothing$ |
|                                    | $\geq 25$ mm | 40 mm + 0,06 $l_v \geq 2 \varnothing$ | 40 mm + 0,02 $l_v \geq 2 \varnothing$ |
| Compressed air drilling            | < 25 mm      | 50 mm + 0,08 $l_v$                    | 50 mm + 0,02 $l_v$                    |
|                                    | $\geq 25$ mm | 60 mm + 0,08 $l_v$                    | 60 mm + 0,02 $l_v$                    |



<sup>1)</sup> See Annex B3 and B4; Minimum concrete cover acc. to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 must be observed

**Table B2: Dimensions and installation parameters of tension anchor ZA**

| Anchor size                           |                    |                    | M12                             | M16        | M20 | M24 |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|------------|-----|-----|
| Thread diameter                       | d                  | [mm]               | 12                              | 16         | 20  | 24  |
| Rebar diameter                        | $\varnothing$      | [mm]               | 12                              | 16         | 20  | 25  |
| Nominal drill hole diameter           | $d_0$              | [mm]               | 16                              | 20         | 25  | 32  |
| Diameter of clearance hole in fixture | $d_f$              | [mm]               | 14                              | 18         | 22  | 26  |
| Width across nut flats                | SW                 | [mm]               | 19                              | 24         | 30  | 36  |
| Cross section area (threaded part)    | $A_s$              | [mm <sup>2</sup> ] | 84                              | 157        | 245 | 353 |
| Effective embedment depth             | $l_v$              | [mm]               | according to static calculation |            |     |     |
| Length of bonded thread               | steel, zinc plated | $c_2$              | [mm]                            | $\geq 20$  |     |     |
|                                       | A4/HCR             |                    |                                 | $\geq 100$ |     |     |
| Maximum installation torque           | $T_{inst}$         | [Nm]               | 50                              | 100        | 150 | 150 |

**Table B3: Working and curing time**

| Bore hole temperature | Working time <sup>1)</sup> | Minimum curing time |                    |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
|                       |                            | dry concrete        | wet concrete       |
| [-]                   | [ $t_{gel}$ ]              | [ $t_{cure,dry}$ ]  | [ $t_{cure,wet}$ ] |
| +5°C to +9°C          | 80 min                     | 48 h                | 96 h               |
| + 10°C to + 14°C      | 60 min                     | 28 h                | 56 h               |
| + 15°C to + 19°C      | 40 min                     | 18 h                | 36 h               |
| + 20°C to + 24°C      | 30 min                     | 12 h                | 24 h               |
| + 25°C to + 34°C      | 12 min                     | 9 h                 | 18 h               |
| + 35°C to + 39°C      | 8 min                      | 6 h                 | 12 h               |
| +40 °C                | 8 min                      | 4 h                 | 8 h                |
| Cartridge temperature | +5°C to +40°C              |                     |                    |

<sup>1)</sup>  $t_{gel}$ : maximum time from starting of mortar injection to completing of rebar setting

**Injection System VME plus** for rebar connections

**Intended use**

Minimum concrete cover / Installation parameters ZA / Working and curing time

**Annex B5**

**Table B4: Installation tools and max. embedment depth – Hammer drilling (HD) or compressed air drilling (CD)**

| Rebar size<br>Ø | Tension anchor<br>ZA | Drill bit diameter<br>d <sub>0</sub> |      | Brush- Ø<br>d <sub>b</sub> |                        | Brush- Ø<br>d <sub>b,min</sub> | Retaining washer <sup>1)</sup> | Cartridge<br>440ml or 585ml |                    | Cartridge<br>1400 ml | Extension pipe   |
|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|------|----------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--|
|                 |                      | HD                                   | CD   | Hand- or<br>akku-tool      | Compressed<br>air tool |                                |                                | Compressed<br>air tool      |                    |                      |  |
|                 |                      |                                      |      |                            |                        |                                |                                | l <sub>v,max</sub>          | l <sub>v,max</sub> | l <sub>v,max</sub>   |  |
| [mm]            | [-]                  | [mm]                                 | [mm] | [-]                        | [mm]                   | [mm]                           | [-]                            | [cm]                        | [cm]               | [cm]                 | [-]  |
| 8               | -                    | 10                                   | -    | RB10                       | 11,5                   | 10,5                           | -                              | 25                          | 25                 | 25                   | VM-XE 10 (l <sub>v,max</sub> ≤ 130mm)<br>or<br>VM-XLE 16 |
|                 | -                    | 12                                   | -    | RB12                       | 13,5                   | 12,5                           | -                              | 70                          | 80                 | 80                   |  |
| 10              | -                    | 12                                   | -    | RB12                       | 13,5                   | 12,5                           | -                              | 25                          | 25                 | 25                   |  |
|                 | -                    | 14                                   | -    | RB14                       | 15,5                   | 14,5                           | VM-IA 14                       | 70                          | 100                | 100                  |  |
| 12              | M12                  | 14                                   | -    | RB14                       | 15,5                   | 14,5                           | VM-IA 14                       | 25                          | 25                 | 25                   |  |
|                 |                      | 16                                   | 16   | RB16                       | 17,5                   | 16,5                           | VM-IA 16                       | 70                          | 130                | 120                  |  |
| 14              | -                    | 18                                   | 18   | RB18                       | 20,0                   | 18,5                           | VM-IA 18                       | 70                          | 130                | 140                  |  |
| 16              | M16                  | 20                                   | 20   | RB20                       | 22,0                   | 20,5                           | VM-IA 20                       | 70                          | 130                | 160                  |  |
| 20              | M20                  | 25                                   | -    | RB25                       | 27,0                   | 25,5                           | VM-IA 25                       | 50                          | 100                | 200                  |  |
|                 |                      | -                                    | 26   | RB26                       | 28,0                   | 26,5                           | VM-IA 25                       | 50                          | 100                | 200                  |  |
| 22              | -                    | 28                                   | 28   | RB28                       | 30,0                   | 28,5                           | VM-IA 28                       | 50                          | 100                | 200                  |  |
| 24              | -                    | 32                                   | 32   | RB32                       | 34,0                   | 32,5                           | VM-IA 32                       | 50                          | 100                | 200                  |  |
| 25              | M24                  | 32                                   | 32   | RB32                       | 34,0                   | 32,5                           | VM-IA 32                       | 50                          | 100                | 200                  |  |
| 28              | -                    | 35                                   | 35   | RB35                       | 37,0                   | 35,5                           | VM-IA 35                       | 50                          | 100                | 200                  |  |
| 32              | -                    | 40                                   | 40   | RB40                       | 43,5                   | 40,5                           | VM-IA 40                       | 50                          | 100                | 200                  |  |
| 34              | -                    | 40                                   | 40   | RB40                       | 43,5                   | 40,5                           | VM-IA 40                       | -                           | 100                | 200                  |  |
| 36              | -                    | 45                                   | 45   | RB45                       | 47,0                   | 45,5                           | VM-IA 45                       | -                           | 100                | 200                  |  |
| 40              | -                    | 55                                   | 55   | RB55                       | 58,0                   | 55,5                           | VM-IA 55                       | -                           | 100                | 200                  |  |

<sup>1)</sup> For horizontal or overhead installation and bore holes deeper than 240mm

**Table B5: Installation tools and max. embedment depth – vacuum drilling (VD)**

| Rebar size<br>Ø | Tension anchor<br>ZA | Drill bit diameter<br>d <sub>0</sub> |                         | Brush- Ø<br>d <sub>b</sub> |                        | Brush- Ø<br>d <sub>b,min</sub> | Retaining washer <sup>1)</sup> | Cartridge<br>440ml or 585ml |                    | Cartridge<br>1400 ml        | Extension pipe |
|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
|                 |                      | VD                                   | Hand- or<br>akku-tool   | Compressed<br>air tool     | Compressed<br>air tool |                                |                                |                             |                    |                             |                |
|                 |                      |                                      |                         |                            | l <sub>v,max</sub>     |                                |                                | l <sub>v,max</sub>          | l <sub>v,max</sub> |                             |                |
| [mm]            | [-]                  | [mm]                                 | [-]                     | [mm]                       | [mm]                   | [-]                            | [cm]                           | [cm]                        | [cm]               | [-]                         |                |
| 8               | -                    | 10                                   | No cleaning<br>required |                            |                        | -                              | 25                             | 25                          | 25                 | VM-XE 10<br>or<br>VM-XLE 16 |                |
|                 | -                    | 12                                   |                         |                            |                        | -                              | 70                             | 80                          | 80                 |                             |                |
| 10              | -                    | 12                                   |                         |                            |                        | -                              | 25                             | 25                          | 25                 |                             |                |
|                 | -                    | 14                                   |                         |                            |                        | VM-IA 14                       | 70                             | 100                         | 100                |                             |                |
| 12              | M12                  | 14                                   |                         |                            |                        | VM-IA 14                       | 25                             | 25                          | 25                 |                             |                |
|                 |                      | 16                                   |                         |                            |                        | VM-IA 16                       | 70                             | 100                         | 100                |                             |                |
| 14              | -                    | 18                                   |                         |                            |                        | VM-IA 18                       | 70                             | 100                         | 100                |                             |                |
| 16              | M16                  | 20                                   |                         |                            |                        | VM-IA 20                       | 70                             | 100                         | 100                |                             |                |
| 20              | M20                  | 25                                   |                         |                            |                        | VM-IA 25                       | 50                             | 100                         | 100                |                             |                |
| 22              | -                    | 28                                   |                         |                            |                        | VM-IA 28                       | 50                             | 100                         | 100                |                             |                |
| 24              | -                    | 32                                   |                         |                            |                        | VM-IA 32                       | 50                             | 100                         | 100                |                             |                |
| 25              | M24                  | 32                                   |                         |                            |                        | VM-IA 32                       | 50                             | 100                         | 100                |                             |                |
| 28              | -                    | 35                                   |                         |                            |                        | VM-IA 35                       | 50                             | 100                         | 100                |                             |                |
| 32              | -                    | 40                                   |                         |                            |                        | VM-IA 40                       | 50                             | 100                         | 100                |                             |                |

<sup>1)</sup> For horizontal or overhead installation and bore holes deeper than 240mm

**Injection System VME plus for rebar connections**

**Intended use**

Installation tools and max. embedment depth – all drilling methods

**Annex B6**

## Cleaning and installation tools

### Vacuum drill bit



Vacuum drill bit (MKT Hollow drill bit SB, Würth Hammer drill bit with suction or Heller Duster Expert hollow drill bit system) and a vacuum cleaner with minimum negative pressure of 253 hPa and flow rate of min. 150m<sup>3</sup>/h (42 l/s)

### Compressed air hose (min. 6 bar) with air valve



### Recommended compressed air tool (min. 6 bar)



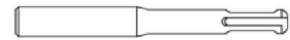
### Brush RB



### Brush extension



### SDS Plus Adapter



**Table B6: Dispensing tools**

| Cartridge    |                | Hand tool                             | Pneumatic tool            |
|--------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Type         | Size           |                                       |                           |
| side-by-side | 440 ml, 585 ml | e.g.: VM-P 585 Profi or VM-P 585 Akku | e.g.: VM-P 585 Pneumatik  |
|              | 1400 ml        | -                                     | e.g.: VM-P 1400 Pneumatik |

**Injection System VME plus** for rebar connections

**Intended use**  
Cleaning and installation tools / Dispensing tools

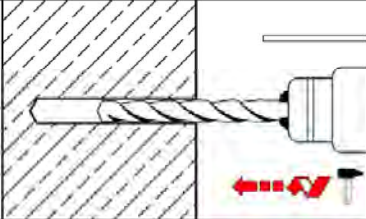
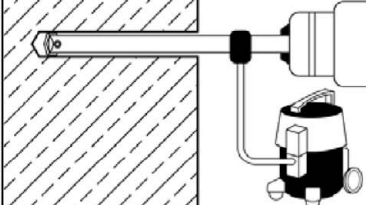
**Annex B7**



# Installation instructions

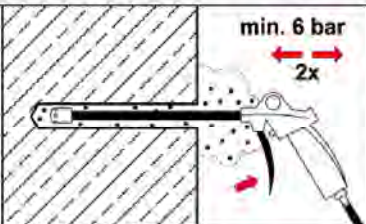
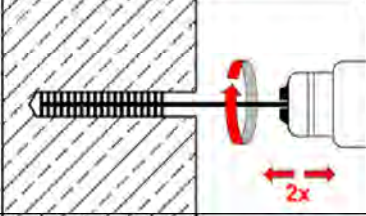
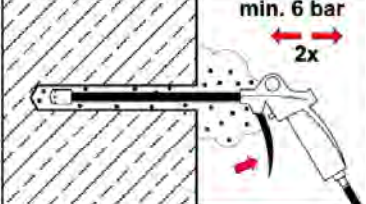
## Bore hole drilling

**Attention: Before drilling, remove carbonated concrete and clean contact surface (see Annex B1). In case of aborted holes, the bore holes must be filled with mortar.**

|          |    |   |   |
|----------|----|---|---|
| <b>1</b> | 1a |  | <p><b>Hammer drilling or compressed air drilling</b><br/>Drill hole with drill bit diameter according to Table B4 and selected embedment depth. Proceed with step 2.</p>  |
|          | 1b |  | <p><b>Vacuum drilling</b><br/>Drill hole with drill bit diameter according to Table B5 and selected embedment depth. This drilling method removes dust and cleans the bore hole during drilling. Proceed with step 3.</p> |

## Cleaning for hammer or compressed air drilled holes

**Attention: remove standing water before cleaning**

|          |    |   |  |
|----------|----|---|--|
| <b>2</b> | 2a |   | <p>Starting from the bottom or back of the bore hole, blow out the hole with compressed air (min. 6 bar) (Annex B7) a minimum of <b>two</b> times until return air stream is free of noticeable dust.<br/>If bore hole ground is not reached, an extension must be used.</p>                                   |
|          | 2b |  | <p>Brush the hole with an appropriate sized wire brush <math>\geq d_{b,min}</math> (Table B4, check minimum brush diameter <math>d_{b,min}</math>) a minimum of <b>two</b> times using a drilling machine or battery screw driver.<br/>If bore hole ground is not reached, a brush extension must be used.</p> |
|          | 2c |  | <p>Finally blow the hole clean again with compressed air (min. 6 bar) (Annex B7) a minimum of two times until return air stream is free of noticeable dust.<br/>If bore hole ground is not reached, an extension must be used</p>  |

**After cleaning, the drill hole has to be protected against re-contamination in an appropriate way, until dispensing the mortar in the drill hole. If necessary, the cleaning has to be repeated directly before dispensing the mortar. In-flowing water must not contaminate the drill hole again.**

## Injection System VME plus for rebar connections

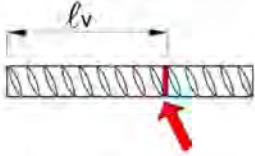
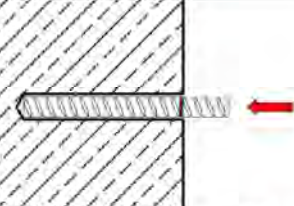
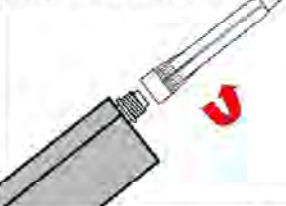
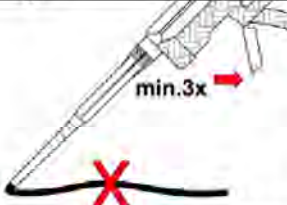
### Intended use

Installation instruction  
Bore hole drilling and cleaning

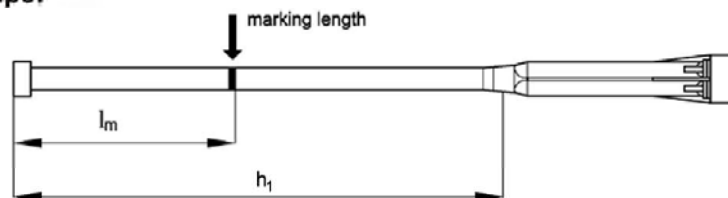
**Annex B8**

## Installation instruction (continuation)

### Preparing the borehole

|   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
| 3 |   | Mark the position of the embedment depth $l_v$ (e.g. with tape).  |
| 4 |   | Check drill hole depth by inserting rebar or anchor rod into the empty hole. The anchor should be free of dirt, grease, oil or foreign material.  |
| 5 |   | Prepare cartridge with static mixer (if necessary with extension pipe and retaining washer). Attach the supplied static mixer to the cartridge and load the cartridge into the correct dispensing tool (Table B6).<br>For every working interruption longer than the recommended working time (Table B3) as well as for new cartridges, a new static-mixer shall be used. |
| 6 |  | Prior to applying, discard mortar (forerun) until the mortar shows a consistent grey or red colour, but at least three full strokes and discard non-uniformly mixed adhesive components.  |

### Making of extension pipe: (all drilling methods)



On the static mixer and the extension pipe the mortar filling mark  $l_m$  and the drill hole depth  $h_1$  must be marked with an adhesive tape or text marker. Rough estimate:  $l_m = \frac{1}{3} \cdot h_1$

Fill in the mortar as long until the filling mark  $l_m$  will be visible.

Optimal mortar volume:  $l_m = h_1 * (1,2 * \frac{\phi^2}{d_0^2} - 0,2)$  [mm]

$l_m$  length from the end of the retaining washer to the mark on the mixer extension

$h_1$  drill hole depth = embedment depth ( $l_v$  resp.  $l_{ges}$ )

$\phi$  rebar diameter

$d_0$  nominal drill bit diameter

### Injection System VME plus for rebar connections

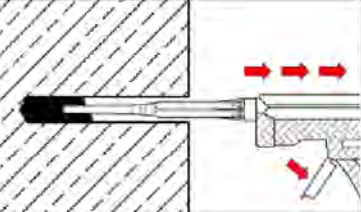
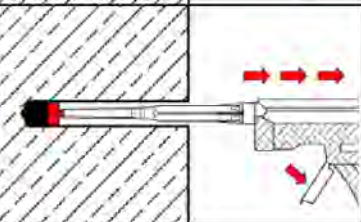
#### Intended use

Installation instruction (continuation) - Preparing the borehole  
Marking of extension pipe

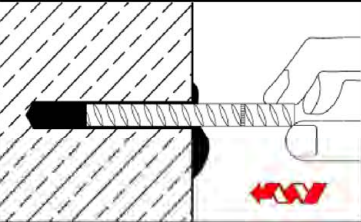
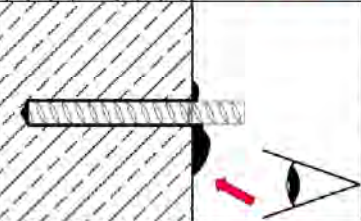
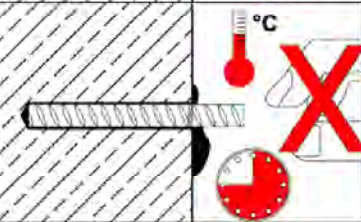
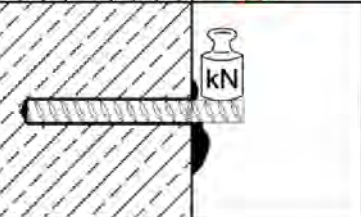
Annex B9

## Installation instruction (continuation)

### Injection into borehole

|   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| 7 |  | <p>Start from the bottom or the back of the cleaned bore hole, fill with adhesive until the level mark at the mixer extension (Annex B9) is visible at the top of the hole. Slowly withdraw the static mixing nozzle and using a piston plug during injection of the mortar, helps to avoid air pockets. For embedment larger than 190 mm an extension nozzle shall be used (Annex B6). Observe temperature dependent working times given in Table B3.</p> |
| 8 |  | <p>For horizontal or overhead installations and bore holes deeper than 240 mm, retaining washer (and appropriate mixer extension) must be used. Observe temperature dependent working times given in Table B3.</p>   |

### Installation of rebar or tension anchor

|    |   |  |
|----|---|--|
| 9  |    | <p>Push the reinforcing bar or tension anchor into the bore hole while turning slightly to ensure positive distribution of the adhesive until the embedment depth is reached.</p>  |
| 10 |   | <p>Be sure that the rebar or tension anchor is inserted in the bore hole until the embedment mark is at the concrete surface and excess mortar is visible at the top of the hole. If these requirements are not maintained, repeat application before end of working time!<br/>For overhead installation, the anchor should be fixed (e.g. by wedges).</p> |
| 11 |  | <p>Observe working and curing time according Table B3.<br/>Attention: the curing and working time can vary according to the base material temperature (Table B3).</p> <p>Do not move or load until full curing time <math>t_{cure}</math> has elapsed.</p>   |
| 12 |  | <p>After the curing time the reinforcing bar or tension anchor can be loaded.</p>  |

### Injection System VME plus for rebar connections

#### Intended use

Installation instruction (continuation)  
Injection into borehole – Installation of rebar or tension anchor

**Annex B10**

## Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length

The minimum anchorage length  $\ell_{b,min}$  and the minimum lap length  $\ell_{0,min}$  according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 ( $\ell_{b,min}$  acc. to Eq. 8.6 and Eq. 8.7 and  $\ell_{0,min}$  acc. to Eq. 8.11) shall be multiplied by the amplification factor  $\alpha_{lb}$  acc. to Table C1.

**Table C1: Amplification factor  $\alpha_{lb}$  – all drilling methods**

| Amplification factor | Rod diameter                     | Concrete strength class |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
|                      |                                  | C12/15                  | C16/20 | C20/25 | C25/30 | C30/37 | C35/45 | C40/50 | C45/55 | C50/60 |
| $\alpha_{lb}$ [-]    | Ø8 to Ø40<br>ZA-M12 to<br>ZA-M24 | 1,0                     |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |

**Table C2: Reduction factor  $k_b$  for all drilling methods**

| Reduction-factor | Rod diameter                     | Concrete strength class |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
|                  |                                  | C12/15                  | C16/20 | C20/25 | C25/30 | C30/37 | C35/45 | C40/50 | C45/55 | C50/60 |
| $k_b$ [-]        | Ø8 to Ø40<br>ZA-M12 to<br>ZA-M24 | 1,0                     |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |

**Table C3: Design values of the ultimate bond stress  $f_{bd,PIR}$  in N/mm<sup>2</sup> for all drilling methods and for good bond conditions**

$$f_{bd,PIR} = k_b \cdot f_{bd}$$

with

$f_{bd}$ : Design value of the ultimate bond stress in N/mm<sup>2</sup> considering the concrete strength classes and the rebar diameter according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010

(for all other bond conditions multiply the values by 0,7)

$k_b$ : Reduction factor according to Table C2

| Bond strength                        | Rod diameter                     | Concrete strength class |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
|                                      |                                  | C12/15                  | C16/20 | C20/25 | C25/30 | C30/37 | C35/45 | C40/50 | C45/55 | C50/60 |
| $f_{bd,PIR}$<br>[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ] | Ø8 to Ø32<br>ZA-M12 to<br>ZA-M24 | 1,6                     | 2,0    | 2,3    | 2,7    | 3,0    | 3,4    | 3,7    | 4,0    | 4,3    |
|                                      | Ø34                              | 1,6                     | 2,0    | 2,3    | 2,6    | 2,9    | 3,3    | 3,6    | 3,9    | 4,2    |
|                                      | Ø36                              | 1,5                     | 1,9    | 2,2    | 2,6    | 2,9    | 3,3    | 3,6    | 3,8    | 4,1    |
|                                      | Ø40                              | 1,5                     | 1,8    | 2,1    | 2,5    | 2,8    | 3,1    | 3,4    | 3,7    | 4,0    |

**Injection System VME plus** for rebar connections

### Performances

Amplification factor  $\alpha_{lb}$  / Reduction factor  $k_b$  / Design values of ultimate bond resistance  $f_{bd,PIR}$

**Annex C1**

## Design value of ultimate bond stress $f_{bd,fi}$ under fire exposure for concrete classes C12/15 to C50/60 (all drilling methods):

The design value of ultimate bond stress  $f_{bd,fi}$  under fire exposure will be calculated by the following equation:

$$f_{bd,fi} = k_{fi}(\theta) \cdot f_{bd,PIR} \cdot \gamma_c / \gamma_{M,fi}$$

mit:  $\theta \leq 278^\circ\text{C}$ :  $k_{fi}(\theta) = 4373,8 \cdot \theta^{-1,598} / (f_{bd,PIR} \cdot 4,3) \leq 1,0$

$\theta > 278^\circ\text{C}$ :  $k_{fi}(\theta) = 0$

$f_{bd,fi}$  design value of ultimate bond stress in case of fire in N/mm<sup>2</sup>

$\theta$  Temperature in °C in the mortar layer

$k_{fi}(\theta)$  Reduction factor under fire exposure

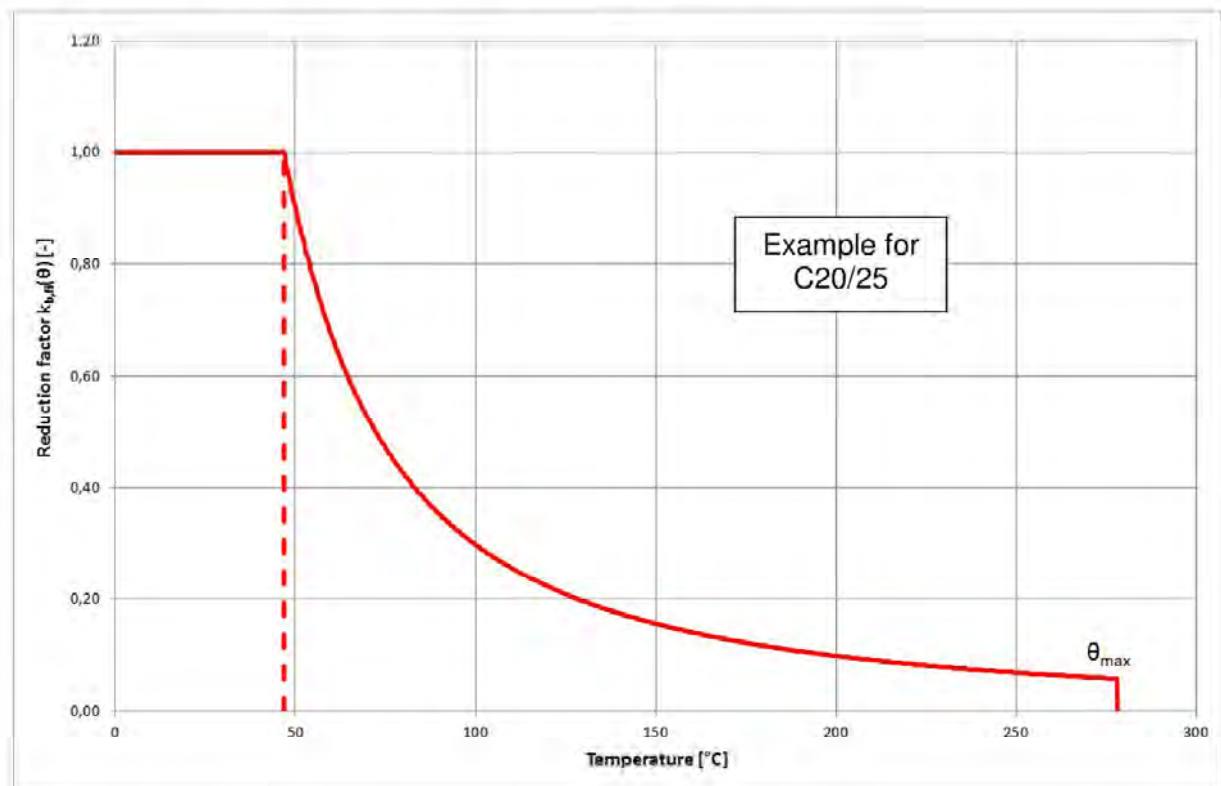
$f_{bd,PIR}$  Design value of the ultimate bond stress in N/mm<sup>2</sup> in cold condition according to Table C3 considering concrete class, rebar diameter, drilling method and the bond conditions according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010

$\gamma_c$  partial factor acc. to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010

$\gamma_{M,fi}$  partial factor acc. to EN 1992-1-2:2004+AC:2008

For evidence under fire exposure the anchorage length shall be calculated acc. to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 Equation 8.3 using the temperature-dependent ultimate bond stress  $f_{bd,fi}$ .

**Figure C1: Example graph of reduction factor  $k_{fi}(\theta)$**   
Concrete strength class C20/25 for good bond conditions



Injection System VME plus for rebar connections

### Performances

Design value of ultimate bond stress  $f_{bd,fi}$  under fire exposure for rebar

Annex C2

**Table C4: Characteristic tension strength in case of fire for tension anchor ZA, concrete strength class C12/15 to C50/60, acc. to Technical Report TR 020**

| Tension anchor ZA               |      | M12                                     | M16 | M20 | M24 |
|---------------------------------|------|---|-----|-----|-----|
| <b>Steel failure</b>            |      |   |     |     |     |
| <b>Steel, zinc plated</b>       |      |   |     |     |     |
| Characteristic tension strength | R30  | $\sigma_{Rk,s,fi}$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ] | 20  |     |     |
|                                 | R60  |   | 15  |     |     |
|                                 | R90  |   | 13  |     |     |
|                                 | R120 |   | 10  |     |     |
| <b>Stainless steel A4, HCR</b>  |      |   |     |     |     |
| Characteristic tension strength | R30  | $\sigma_{Rk,s,fi}$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ] | 30  |     |     |
|                                 | R60  |   | 25  |     |     |
|                                 | R90  |   | 20  |     |     |
|                                 | R120 |   | 16  |     |     |

**Design value of the tension strength  $\sigma_{Rd,s,fi}$  under fire exposure for tension anchor ZA**

The design value of the steel strength  $\sigma_{Rd,s,fi}$  under fire exposure will be calculated by the following equation:

$$\sigma_{Rd,s,fi} = \sigma_{Rk,s,fi} / \gamma_{M,fi}$$

with:

$\sigma_{Rk,s,fi}$  characteristic steel strength acc. to Table C4

$\gamma_{M,fi}$  partial factor under fire exposure acc. to EN 1992-1-2:2004+AC:2008

**Injection System VME plus** for rebar connections

**Performances**

Steel strength for tension anchor ZA under fire exposure

**Annex C3**